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Amendment to the Claims

1 (Previously Presented). A wavelength discovery method for network elements having an optical architecture, comprising the steps of:

generating a first wavelength topology map of wavelengths inserted in a first direction at each network element having an optical architecture;

generating a second wavelength topology map of wavelengths inserted in a second direction at each network element;

forwarding said first wavelength topology maps in said first direction to adjacent network elements over a dedicated overhead wavelength channel;

forwarding said second wavelength topology maps in said second direction to adjacent network elements over said dedicated overhead wavelength channel;

responsive to messaging via said dedicated overhead wavelength channel, updating each of said first and second topology maps at each of said network elements; and

wherein the step of updating each of said first and second topology maps further comprises determining passthrough wavelengths at each network element.

2 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said overhead channel messaging is effectuated via a wavelength of a wavelength division multiplex (WDM) network.

3 (Canceled).

4 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, wherein each of the steps of generating said first and second wavelength topology maps further comprises including wavelength source information.

5 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said overhead channel comprises a dedicated Data Communications Channel (DCC) wavelength of a WDM network.

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6 (Original). The method as recited in claim 5, further comprising the step of forwarding Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning (OAM&P) information over said DCC wavelength.

7 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of utilizing said updated first and second wavelength topology maps to provide a craft person an indication of said passthrough wavelengths in said network elements.

8 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of utilizing said updated first and second wavelength topology maps during maintenance operations on said network elements to determine protection switching.

9 (Original). The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of utilizing said updated first and second wavelength topology maps to provide an indication of how said network elements affect each other during local maintenance operations.

10 (Previously Presented). A system for discovering wavelengths in a plurality of network elements having an optical architecture, comprising:

means for generating a first wavelength topology map of wavelengths inserted in a first direction at each network element;

means for generating a second wavelength topology map of wavelengths inserted in a second direction at each network element;

means for only forwarding said first wavelength topology maps in said first direction to adjacent network elements over a dedicated overhead wavelength channel;

means for only forwarding said second wavelength topology maps in said second direction to adjacent network elements over said dedicated overhead wavelength channel; and

means responsive to messaging via said dedicated overhead wavelength channel for updating each of said first and second topology maps at each of said network elements.

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11 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said overhead channel messaging is effectuated via an overhead wavelength of a wavelength division multiplex (WDM)

network.

12 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said dedicated overhead

wavelength channel is operable to carry Operations, Administration, Maintenance and

Provisioning (OAM&P) information.

13 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said first wavelength topology

map further comprises source information.

14 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said second wavelength

topology map further comprises source information.

15 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said updated local first and

second wavelength topology maps are operable to provide a craft person an indication of said

passthrough wavelengths in said network elements.

16 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said updated local first and

second wavelength topology maps are utilized during maintenance operations on said network

elements to determine protection switching.

17 (Original). The system as recited in claim 10, wherein said updated local first and

second wavelength topology maps are operable to provide an indication of how said network

elements affect each other during local maintenance operations.

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18 (Original). An optical network comprising:

a first network element associated with said optical network, said first network element

being operable to generate a wavelength topology map having a first map portion and a second

map portion, wherein said first map portion associated with said first network element is specific

to a first direction of said optical network and said second map portion associated with said first

network element is specific to a second direction of said optical network;

a second network element associated with said optical network, said second network

element being operable to generate a wavelength topology map having a first map portion and a

second map portion, wherein said first map portion associated with said second network element

is specific to said first direction of said optical network and said second map portion associated

with said network element is specific to said second direction of said optical network; and

a dedicated overhead wavelength channel connecting said first network element to said

second network element, said first network element being operable to transmit said first map

portion to said second network element over said dedicated overhead wavelength channel,

wherein said second network element utilizes said first map portion associated with said

first network element to update said first map portion associated with said second network

element.

19 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein responsive to

receiving said first map portion associated with said first network element said second network

element forwards said updated first map portion associated with said second network element to

an adjacent network element.

20 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein responsive to

receiving said first map potion associated with said first network element said second network

element transmits said second map portion associated with said second network element to said

first network element.

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21 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 22, wherein said first network element utilizes said second map portion associated with said second network element to update

said second map portion associated with said first network element.

22 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said wavelength

topology map associated with said second network element is utilized to determine passthrough

wavelengths at said second network element.

23 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said dedicated

overhead wavelength channel is effectuated via an overhead wavelength of a wavelength

division multiplex (WDM) network.

24 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said dedicated

overhead wavelength channel is operable to carry Operations, Administration, Maintenance and

Provisioning (OAM&P) information.

25 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said wavelength

topology map associated with said second network element is utilized by a craft person

performing maintenance operations at said second network element.

26 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said wavelength

topology map associated with said second network element is utilized by a Network Operations

Center (NOC) during maintenance operations at said second network element.

27 (Original). The optical network as recited in claim 18, wherein said wavelength

topology map associated with said second network element is utilized to provide an indication of

how said second network element affects said first network element.